321-T 244 St. Rock Johns, IL 61201

mineral Oil



24 HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE ILLINOIS OIL (309) 786-4474 CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300 HMIS HAZARD RATING:

LEAST 0 SLIGHT 1 MODERATE 2 HIGH 3 EXTREME 4 HEALTH 1
FIRE 1
REACTIVITY 0
PERSONAL B

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

The information contained herein is based on data considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied regarding the accuracy of these data or the results to be obtained from the use thereof. Vendor assumes no responsibility for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by the material if reasonable safety procedures are not adhered to as stipulated in the data sheet. Additionally, vendor assumes no responsibilty for injury to vendee or third persons proximately caused by abnormal use of the material even if reasonable safety procedures are followed. Furthermore, vendee assumes the risk in his use of the material.

SECTION 1: NAME SUPREME F	PARAFFIN OIL	CODE 0809
CHEMICAL SYNONYMS:	CHEMICAL FAMILY:	
Petroleum Lube Oil	Petroleum Hydrocarbon Cas.No. 64742-52-5	
S TION 2	INGREDIENTS	
COMPOSITION	76	TOXICITY DATA
Petroleum Lube Stock	100	Not Determined
SECTION 3:	HEALTH INFORM	ATION

ORAL TOXICITY: The lethal oral dosage for 150 lb. human is approximately 1 pint to 1 quart - Based on Mfg. data.

EYE IRRITATION: Not expected - Based on Mfg. data.

SKIN IRRITATION: Mild on prolonged or repeated liquid contact will dry and defat the skin, leading to irritation and dermatitis - based on Mfg. data.

INHALATION: Fumes in high concentration may result in dizziness, headache, respiratory irritation or unconsciousness.

OTHER: The International Agency for Research on Cancer states there is sufficient evidence that oils of this type can cause cancer in labortory animals after frequent exposure over their life time. According to OSHA, oils of this type are potentially carcinogenic unless good industrial hygiene practices are employed.

SECTION 4: OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS

ACGIH-TLV = 5mg/m3 as mist 1984-85

#### EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES SECTION 5: [ 'S: Flush with water for 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. SKIN CONTACT: Wipe of excess, remove contaminated clothing, and wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation is present get medical attention. INHALATION: Remove to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. Get medical attention. IF SWALLOWED: DO NOT induce vomiting. In general, no treatment is required unless large quantities are involved, get medical advice. SECTION 6: PHYSICAL DATA VAPOR PRESSURE BOILING POINT MELTING POINT (°C) >315° (°F) N.A. (mmHg) < 1SPECIFIC % VOLATILE VAPOR GRAVITY BY DENSITY (H20 = 1) .91 VOLUME <1 (AIR=1) 1+ SOLUABLE EVAPORATION N.A. = IN RATE-(BUTYL Not Available Negligible WATER ACETATE=1) <1 N.D. = Not Determined A EARANCE AND ODOR: Light amber color - Typical hydrocarbon odor. FIRE AND EXPLOSISON HAZARDS SECTION 7: FLASH POINT AND LOW FLAMMABLE LIMITS UPPER METHOD USED: % VOLUME IN AIR: 325°F ASTM D-92 N.D. N.D. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Water fog - Foam - Dry Chemical - CO2 SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES AND PRECAUTIONS: DO NOT direct water stream as material will float on top and burn. Use water to cool exposed containers. Use NIOSH approved respirator for entry to enclosed areas. SECTION 8: REACTIVITY

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION - MAY OCCUR X MAY NOT OCCUR

STABILITY - UNSTABLE X STABLE

CONDITIONS AND MATERIALS TO AVOID: Heat, open flames, strong oxidizing agent and mist formation.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Thermal decomposition may produce oxides o carbon and other unidentified organic compounds.

### SECTION 9: EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RESPIRATION PROTECTION: If exposure may or does exceed occupational exposure

limits use a NIOSH approved atmosphere supplying respirator or air purifying respirator for organic vapors. PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: Imperious gloves and other protective clothing as necessary to avoid skin contact. If danger of splashing or mist chemical goggles to prevent eye contact.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SECTION 10: SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES:

Large Spill: Isolate source and contain spill. Pick up with vacuum truck of pump. Soak up residue with absorbent such as clay or diatomaceous earth. Flush with water to remove trace residue. WASTE DISPOSAL: If disposed of, this material may be hazardous for disposal

Small Spill: Take up with absorbent such as clay or diatomaceous earth.

nder R.C.R.A. Disposal shoudl be in compliance with federal, state, and ocal laws. SECTION 11: SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

Avoid formation of mists and vapors. Keep away form open flames and high temperatures.

TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS

# D.O.T. HAZARDOUS CLASSIFICATION: Not hazardous by D.O.T. regulations.

SECTION 12:

OTHER REQUIREMENTS:

D.O.T. PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Petroleum Lubricating Oils N.O.I.B.N.

TECHNICAL SERVICES - Dave Burgess, Illinois Oil Products, Inc.

BE SAFE ILLINOIS BUILDING 321 24th STREET READ OUR PRODUCT SAFETY INFORMATION ROCK ISLAND, IL 61201 ... AND PASS IT ON

(Product Liability Law Requires It)

DAIE PREPARED - May 14, 1986